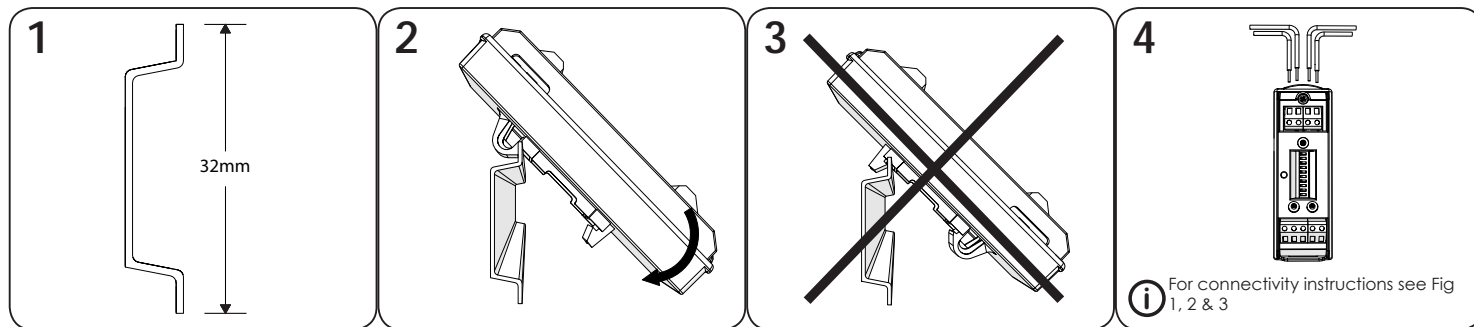




Intelligent DIN-Rail Switch Monitor Installation Guide



Part No	Product Name
SA4700-300APO	Intelligent DIN-Rail Switch Monitor

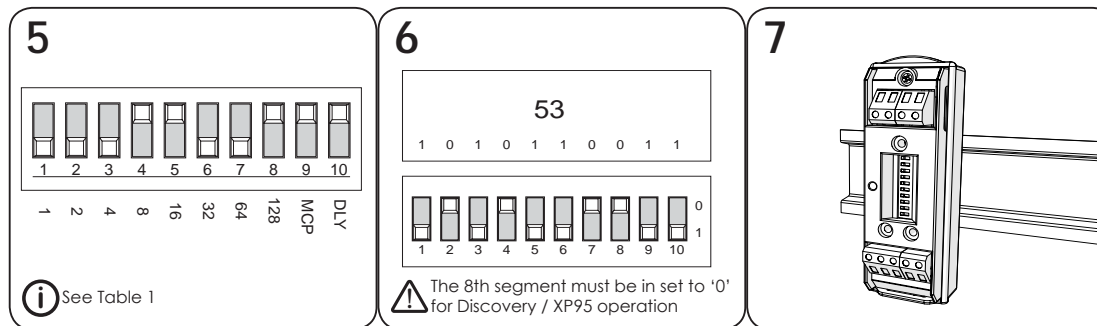
Technical Information

All data is supplied subject to change without notice. Specifications are typical at 24V, 25°C and 50% RH unless otherwise stated.

Supply Voltage	17-35V dc
Quiescent Current	500µA
Power-up Surge Current	900µA
LED Current	1.6mA per LED
Maximum Loop Current	1A
(I _e max; L1 in/out)	
Operating Temperature	-40°C to 70°C
Humidity	0% to 95% RH (no condensation or icing)
Vibration, Impact and Shock	EN 54-17 & EN 54-18

For additional technical information please refer to the following documents which are available on request.

PP2563 - Intelligent DIN-Rail Switch Monitor



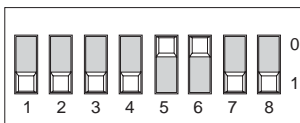
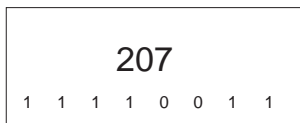
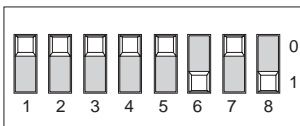
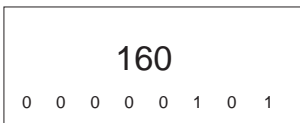
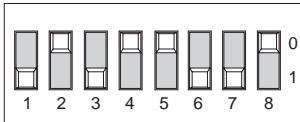
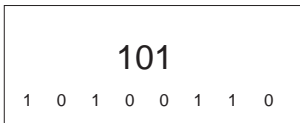
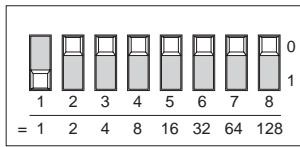
Addressing

Table 1

	XP95 / Discovery Systems	CoreProtocol Systems
Segment	1	Sets the address
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
8	Set to '0' (Fault value is returned if set to '1')	Sets the address
MCP	Priority interrupt - enables MCP behaviour	
DLY	Enables 30 second delay into alarm	

Note: On mixed systems addresses 127 and 128 are reserved. Refer to system's panel manufacturer for further information.

Address Setting Examples



Connectivity Examples

Fig. 1 Standard resistive monitoring mode

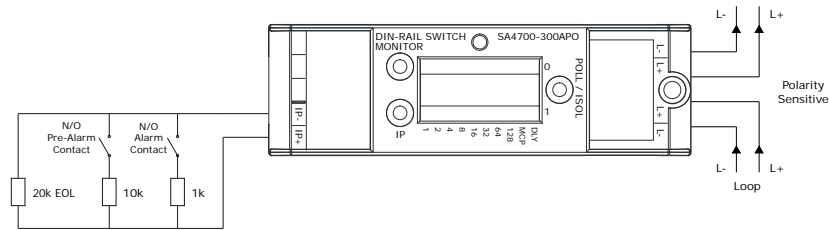


Fig. 2 Normally open monitoring mode (compatible with CoreProtocol only)

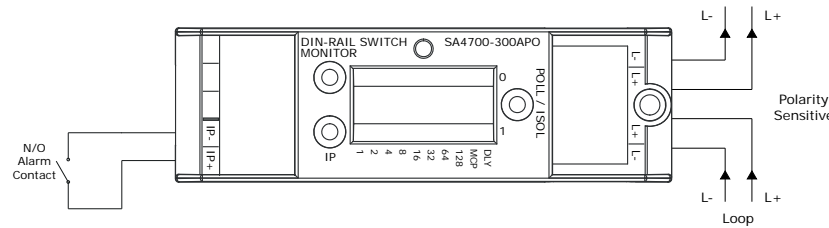
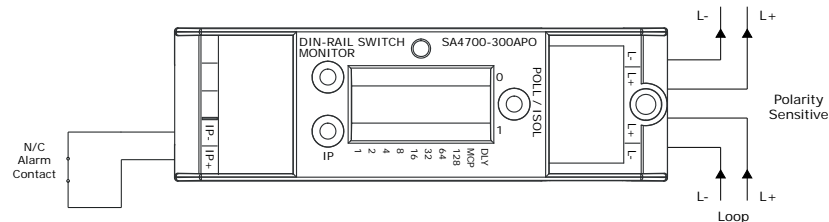


Fig. 3 Normally closed monitoring mode (Compatible with CoreProtocol only)



LED Status Indicator

POLL/ ISO	Flashing Green	Device Polled
	Continuous Yellow	Isolator Active
IP	Continuous Red	Input Active
	Continuous Yellow	Input Fault

Note:
Not all LEDs can be on simultaneously.

Commissioning

The installation must conform to BS5839-1 (or applicable local codes).

Caution

Unit damage. No electrical supply greater than 50V ac rms or 75V dc should be connected to any terminal of this Switch Monitor.

Troubleshooting

Before investigating individual units for faults, it is important to check that the system wiring is fault free. Earth faults on data loops or interface zone wiring may cause communication errors. Many fault conditions are the result of simple wiring errors. Check all connections to the unit.

Problem	Possible Cause
No response or missing	Incorrect address setting
Fault condition reported	Incorrect loop wiring
Analogue value unstable	Incorrect input wiring
Constant alarm or pre-alarm	Incorrect end-of-line resistor fitted
	Dual address
Isolator LED on	Loop data fault, data corruption
	Incorrect wiring
	Incorrect end-of-line resistor fitted
	Short-circuit on loop wiring
	Wiring reverse polarity
	Too many devices between isolators

Mode Table*

Mode	Description
1	DIL Switch XP Mode
2	Switch monitor - normal resistance bands with alarm delays
3	priority switch monitor - normal resistance bands
4	Switch monitor - N/C input with alarm delays
5	Priority switch monitor - N/C input

*CoreProtocol enabled systems only